

 $Head \ to \underline{www.savemyexams.com} \ for \ more \ awe some \ resources$



DP IB Business Management: SL



4.2 Marketing Planning

Contents

- * The Role of Marketing Planning
- * Unique Selling Points & Differentiation



The Role of Marketing Planning

Your notes

Marketing Planning

- Marketing planning is the process of formulating marketing strategies and tactics that will help a business achieve its marketing objectives
- Three tools of marketing planning include
 - Market segmentation
 - Market mapping
 - Market positioning
- A marketing plan commonly includes the following elements:

Diagram: components of a marketing plan



A marketing plan usually contains four key elements

1. Marketing objectives

- These are specific SMART (specific, measurable, achievable, relevant, and time-bound) goals and may include
 - Increasing market share
 - Maximising sales revenue in a particular region or for a certain product
 - Achieving distribution targets
 - Improving brand awareness

2. Resources

- Planning which resources are required and where they will come from
 - This may include finance, staff time and expertise, as well as the capital expenditure required to achieve the marketing objectives



3. Research

- Marketing research identifies the factors expected to impact upon the marketing plan, such as
 - Market size and growth
 - Market segments
 - Competitor positioning
 - Customer tastes, preferences and views
 - The nature of distribution channels

4. The marketing mix

- This involves planning the medium- and short-term marketing activities the business intends to undertake and who is responsible for them, including
 - Pricing strategies and tactics
 - Promotional activity
 - Distribution and logistical plans
 - Product specifications, features and packaging
 - Physical evidence such as branding
 - How **people** and process are developed to support delivery of the rest of the marketing mix

Market Segmentation

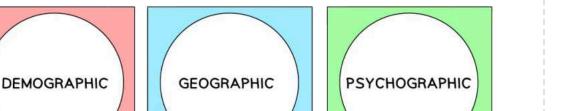
- Market segmentation is the process in which a single market is divided into sub markets or 'segments'
 - Each segment represents a slightly different set of **consumer characteristics**
 - Firms often segment their markets according to factors such as social status, geographical location, religion, gender, or lifestyle
 - A target market is one or more market segments at which a product or service is primarily aimed

Diagram: ways to segment the market





Head to www.savemyexams.com for more awesome resources



Your notes

- AGE
- GENDER
- RELIGION
- FAMILY CHARACTERISTICS
- ETHNIC GROUPING
- SEXUALITY
- COUNTRIES, CONTINENTS & REGIONS
- CLIMATE & WEATHER CONDITIONS
- TOURISM

Copyright © Save My Exams. All Rights Reserve

• SOCIAL STATUS • ECONOMIC

 ECONOMIC STATUS

- VALUES & BELIEFS
- POLITICAL ALLEGIANCE

Examples of demographic, geographic and psychographic forms of market segmentation

- A market for a good such as crisps is not simply seen as one market e.g. the crisp market is divided up into many **market segments** such as
 - **Dinner party snacks** (Walkers Sensations, Pringles, Burts) are targeted at middle to upper earners/professionals with a premium price
 - **Health conscious crisps** (Walker's lite, Walkers baked, Revita lite) are targeted at the health conscious market
 - Lunch box value snacks (multipacks, hoola hoops, etc) are targeted at families and the mass market

Evaluation of Market Segmentation

Advantages	Disadvantages
 Recognizes that consumers are not all identical – consumer groups do not all share the same tastes and preferences 	 Not everyone within a segment will behave in the same way



Products and marketing activities can be altered to meet different needs of different groups of consumers and targeted more precisely	 May be difficult to identify a segment and consumers can belong to multiple segments at the same time
 Less expensive and wasteful than marketing products at wide market segments 	 Segmentation requires more detailed market research which can prove costly (but beneficial) to the business
 May increase loyalty if the consumer feels that their needs are being met which can lead to repeat purchases 	A segment may be identified but it may be too small and unprofitable to cater for





Examiner Tips and Tricks

It is important that you understand that businesses tend to use **several criteria** in identifying a market segment at which to target products and services.

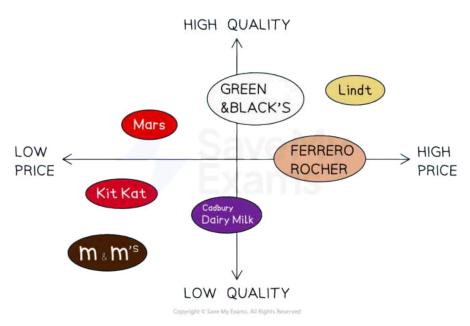
For example, Coca Cola's product range is segmented according to **gender**, **health interests and how the product is used** (for example, two-litre bottles tend to be consumed at home, whilst cans and 500ml bottles are 'on-the-go products).

Market Positioning & Market Mapping

- Market positioning refers to the process a business goes through when launching a new product or service
 - The business decides where they want to position the product in the market with regard to price, quality, branding, and customer perception
- Market mapping is a tool for identifying the position of a product within a market
 - A market map refers to a two-dimensional diagram that shows the attributes or characteristics of a product in comparison to rivals' products
 - Market maps are sometimes called **perception maps**
 - Only two criteria can be chosen e.g. price and quality, age and income, etc

Diagram: a market map for chocolate brands







Market map analysis

- If there are no spaces left on the market map, it indicates that the market is saturated
 - This means that there are no opportunities to exploit a **market niche** in the market
 - Competition is likely to be high and **profits low**
- However, the existence of a space on the market map may indicate the existence of a market niche
 - This needs to be researched carefully before the business commits e.g. it looks like there is a gap in the market in **high price / low quality area** in the map above
 - This gap does not represent a worthwhile market, as the business would find it impossible to build and maintain a loyal customer base

The Usefulness & Limitations of Market Mapping

Usefulness	Limitations
 Market gaps can be identified which may enable a	 A gap in the market may exist
business to come up with ideas for new products	because it is not profitable to fill
Comparisons can be made between a business'	 Mapping a market may require
products and those of its rivals – where are the	primary research which can be
business' products positioned about its rivals?	expensive

Page 6 of 12



 $Head \, to \, \underline{www.savemyexams.com} \, for \, more \, awe some \, resources \,$

- Market maps are simple to construct and offer a visual illustration of the position of a product in the market
- Only two criteria can be chosen which may prove too simplistic
- Markets are often dynamic and a market map only provides insight at a specific point in time





 $Head \, to \, \underline{www.savemyexams.com} \, for \, more \, awe some \, resources \,$

Unique Selling Points & Differentiation

Your notes

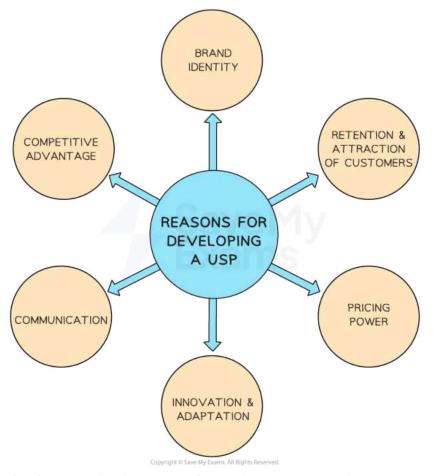
The Importance of Having a Unique Selling Point (USP)

- A unique selling point (USP) is a distinguishing factor or characteristic of a product, service or brand that sets it apart from its competitors
- The USP helps a business to differentiate itself and give customers a reason to choose one product or service over others because it offers something distinct and valuable
- There are a range of **reasons why businesses develop a USP** which can include
 - Developing a brand identity
 - Achieving a competitive advantage over rivals
 - Effective **communication** with customers
 - The attraction and retention of customers
 - Achieving power over pricing
 - Encouraging innovation and adaption

Diagram: reasons for developing a USP



Head to www.savemyexams.com for more awesome resources





- 1. **Competitive advantage**: A strong USP gives a business a competitive edge by creating a **barrier to entry** for other businesses in the market
 - If a business can offer something that is difficult to imitate, it becomes more difficult for competitors to gain customers
- 2. **Brand identity**: A unique selling point helps to shape the perception of the business in the minds of consumers
 - It becomes an essential part of the brand's story and message, which allows customers to associate specific qualities or benefits with the brand
- 3. **Communication**: A well-defined USP provides a clear message that highlights the unique benefits and advantages offered by the product/service, making it more compelling and memorable





- E.g. Emirates' USP is a high-quality service and luxurious amenities supported by extensive marketing efforts such as sponsorship deals with sports teams and events
- 4. **Retention and attraction of customers**: A unique selling point can help attract new customers by appealing to their needs and desires, making customers more likely to **choose and remain loyal to the brand**
- 5. **Pricing power**: A strong USP can often justify the firms decision to charge higher prices for products/services, as customers are willing to pay more
 - This pricing power can improve a business's profitability and financial performance
 - E.g. Volvo has a reputation for safety, reliability and comfort, which means that customers are willing to pay **premium prices** for its vehicles
- 6. **Innovation and adaptation**: Developing and maintaining a unique selling point encourages businesses to continuously improve their products, explore new ideas and adapt to changing customer needs and preferences
 - E.g. *Apple* customers expect to be able to upgrade their technology devices frequently and value the ability to buy **complementary goods**, which add value



Examiner Tips and Tricks

You should consider the value of a businesses USP to its success. Those which are **difficult** or **expensive** for competitors to replicate or which are **protected in law** (such as patents or copyrights) are the most valuable and are likely to lead to long-term competitive advantage.

Business & Product Differentiation

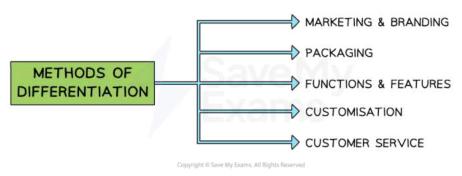
- Product differentiation is an attempt by a business to distinguish its products from those of competitors
 - This involves creating functions or features of the product (or firm) which help it to stand out from its competitors
 - Strong product differentiation helps the firm to develop its competitive advantage
 - The development of product differentiation often helps a firm to create a unique selling point for its product which can be used in marketing
 - Product differentiation may be tangible (clearly visible) or it may be intangible (a perception) that
 is created about the product in the consumer's mind
- Common methods used by businesses to differentiate products include

Diagram: methods of differentiation





 $Head \, to \, \underline{www.savemyexams.com} \, for \, more \, awe some \, resources \,$





Business can differentiate their products in many different ways

 Successful business or product differentiation helps the business to increase demand for its products, increase brand loyalty, and allow the business to charge higher prices

Differentiation Methods

Method	Explanation	Example	
Marketing and branding	 Building brand identification through distinct advertising or promotional activities helps a business to differentiate itself from competitors 	 Compare the Market created a memorable brand identity around a meerkat, playing on the words 'market' and meerkat 	
Packaging	 Well-designed and attractive packaging that appeals to the target market can provide shelf appeal and encourage customers to select one product over another 	Apple products are well known for their superior packaging, which creates an exciting opening experience for the customer	
Functions and features	 Adding unique features gains attention and increases demand from customers who may provide the business with favourable reviews 	Samsung's Galaxy Watch 5 has robust health tracking tools built into it, along with an amazing screen	
Customisation	 Allowing customers to design or customise their products allows the firm to charge a higher price 	 MoonPig.com's celebration cards can be completely customised 	



 $Head to \underline{www.savemyexams.com} for more awe some resources$

Customer	-	Busines
service		good re

- Businesses that ensure they have a good reputation for customer service are likely to retain customers
- In 2014, Hyundai in Singapore introduced a three year warranty on all new cars when the industry standard was one year

